

Note that the drugs are *only* activated in the heated cancerous area.

Indeed, as you say, it is experimental—but it shows great promise! I read your editorial every month.

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OOOOOOOOPS!

Sharp-eyed Eloy Marez, of *Radio Control Modeler Magazine* spotted two errors in digital clock article in the February 1980 issue. In Fig. 1, the emitter of transistor Q1 should connect to the line common to the cathodes of all the LED's; not to the emitter of Q8. In the component placement layout, Fig. 3, add a jumper from the open pad at the emitter of Q1 across to the pad on the

line connecting the cathodes of all the LED's. Thanks Eloy.

CLOCK IC's

Earl Savage's article on the use of clock IC's for long-term alarm and other specialized purposes was very good. It should be noted, however, that the outputs cannot be decoded by the methods shown in the August issue if the displays are multiplexed. Most of the clock IC's—especially the cheaper units—are multiplexed. Decoding those outputs is extremely complicated, if not impossible.

Some of the newer IC's are direct drive and can be used as he describes.

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R-E