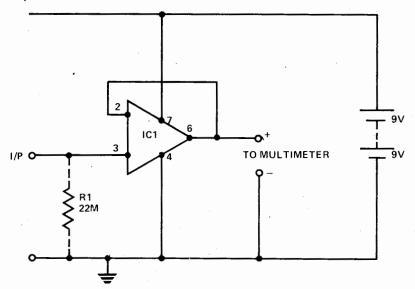
## 100,000M $\Omega$ DC PROBE?



Most multimeters used for transistor work have an input impedance of 20,000  $\Omega/V$  .

Occasionally, especially when measuring potentials on high impedance equipment, this sensitivity is sufficient. The circuit shown, however, presents neglible loading on the circuit under test.

AC and DC feedback to provide a typical input impedance of  $10^{11}\Omega$  and unity gain (or so the contributor, Ed.)

A 741 op amp is used with 100%

Due to the possibility of hum and RF pickup the input leads should be kept as short as possible and the circuit should be mounted in a small earthed case.

The output leads may be as long as required since the output impedance of the circuit is a fraction of an ohm.

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With no input the output level is indeterminate. This state of affairs can be changed by including R1 in the circuit through this lowers the input impedance to  $22M\Omega$ .