Infrared Cordless Headphone

PRADEEP G.

(HEADPHONE

SOCKET)
AUDIO INPUT

FROM TV

sing this low-cost project one can reproduce audio from TV without disturbing others. It does not use any wire connection between TV and headphones. In place of a pair of wires, it uses invisible infrared light to transmit audio signals from

possible. Range can be extended by using lenses and reflectors with IR sensors comprising transmitters and receivers.

IR transmitter uses two-stage transistor amplifier to drive two series-con-

nected IR LEDs. An

≸10Ω

· LED

≸100Ω

audio output transformer is used (in reverse) couple audio output from TV to the IR transmitter. Transistors T1 and T2 amplify the audio signals received from

W R10 HEADSET R6 4.7K R8 470Ω C5 0.1μ SWITCH T6 BEL187 BATTERY BC549C BC549C 0.01µ 0.01u IR PHOTO-TRANSISTOR ₹ R9 2.2K R7 470K PHOTO-FIG.2: IR Audio Recieiver

TV to headphones. Without using any lens, a range of up to 6 metres is

AUDIO OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

FIG.1: IR Audio Transmitter

(CONNECTED IN REVERSE)

TV through the audio transformer. Lowimpedance output windings (lower 9-volt battery can be used with receiver for portable operation.

gauge or thicker wires) are used for connection to TV side while high-impedance windings are connected to IR trans-

mitter. This IR transmitter can be powered from a 9-volt mains adapter or battery. Red LED1 in transmitter circuit functions as a zener diode (0.65V) as

IR receiver uses 3-stage transistor amplifier. The first two transistors (T4

and T5) form audio signal amplifier

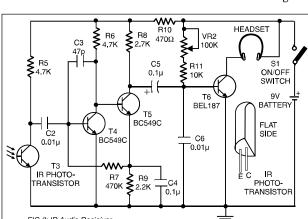
while the third transistor T6 is used to

drive a headphone. Adjust potmeter VR2

LEDs of transmitter for max. range. A

Direct photo-transistor towards IR

well as supply-on indicator.



for max. clarity.