## Gated oscillator with rapid start

The transistor is used as a conventional phase-shift oscillator, with its operating frequency determined by  $C_2$ ,  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_3$ , and the input impedance of the transistor. With the components shown the frequency of operation is about 1 kHz.

With +5V present at the input, diode  $D_I$  is forward biased via  $R_I$ , thus almost 100% negative feedback is applied to the oscillator via  $D_I$  and  $C_I$  preventing oscillation. When the input signal goes to 0V, diode  $D_I$  is reverse biased, removing the

negative feedback. At the same time, the edge of the input pulse is applied to the transistor base, thus "kicking-off" the oscillator on its first half-cycle.

The value of  $C_I$  is chosen so that the oscillator starts rapidly, but with no overshoot on the first half-cycle.

The first half-cycle is always in phase with the falling edge of the input signal.

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