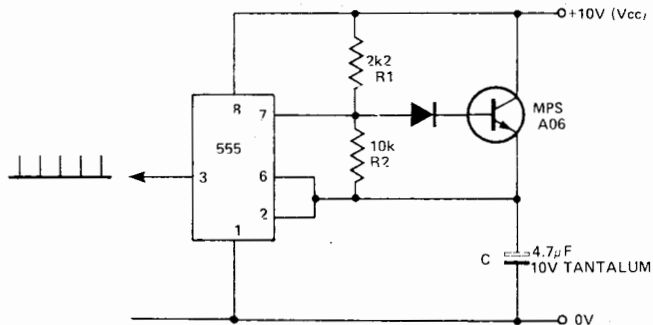


NEEDLE PULSE GENERATOR

This circuit generates very short positive pulses at long time intervals — useful for strobing sample-and-hold circuits etc.

In the discharge part of the cycle, capacitor C discharges slowly through R2, as reset pin falls below $1/3 V_{cc}$, the bistable (internal) switches, and the short between pin 7 and earth is removed. The transistor is then turned hard on by current flowing through R1, and C charges very rapidly — when the voltage across it exceeds $2/3 V_{cc}$ the 555 switches again, and the discharge cycle begins again.

The "charge" portion of the cycle



is very short, about $120\mu S$, while the discharge time depends entirely on the value of R2. For example, with $R2=$

$2M\Omega$, a $120\mu S$ pulse is produced about every 10 seconds; a mark/space ratio of 100,000 to one!