



Quality Management

Failure Modes & Effects and
Hazard Analysis

QUICK CONNECT HELM (CABLE TO HELM)

~~HIGH-RATIO NO FEEDBACK STEERER~~

MARINE DIVISION

MARCH 5, 1990

A. Product Definition

Cable-to-Helm Connection System (Quick-Connect)

1. Performance Requirements

a). ABYC (P 17 Standard)

- 1). 2000 lb. Minimum Ultimate Tension and Compression Loads
- 2). 750 lb. Minimum Loading with no Loss or Change in Steering
- 3). Quick Connect Integrity
- 4). 67ft-lb Minimum Wheel Torque

b). Teleflex

- 1). 1200 lb. Minimum Loading with no Loss or Change in Steering
- 2). 100ft-lb Minimum Wheel Torque
- 3). 50,000 Minimum Tension and Compression Cycle Test
- 4). Impact Test
- 5). Integrity After Cycle Test (10 Connections New) Using 3 Different Cables with the Same Helm
- 6). Ease of Installation (Pull out; Installation Force)
- 7). Minimum Endplay

2. Intended Use

- a). Installation---Turn Shaft to Pull Cable in Place (Until Fitting Snaps in Place)
- b). Disassembly---Release Ring and Pull Cable with Hand Force or by Turning Shaft

3. Product Features

- a). Patented Snap-in Connection
- b). Installation Time Savings
- c). Reduces Potential for Incorrect Installation
- d). Reduces Warranty Claims and Scrap

C. Nonconformance Definition

1. Won't Assemble
2. Won't Lock
3. Separates
4. Excessive Backlash
5. Won't Disassemble
6. Excessive Wear
7. Corrosion
8. Partial Lock (or no Lock)
9. Defects from Handling (Packaging, Contamination, Storage)
10. No Redundancy for Spring
11. Component Fracture

POTENTIAL FAILURE MODE AND EFFECTS ANALYSIS (PROCESS FMEA)

PROCESS _____
 PRIMARY PROCESS RESPONSIBILITY _____
 OTHER BMD(s)/PEO(s) INVOLVED _____

OUTSIDE SUPPLIERS AFFECTED _____
 MODEL YEAR/VEHICLE(S) _____
 SCHEDULED PRODUCTION RELEASE _____

ENGINEER Rob TONY BERNARD
 SECTION SUPERVISOR L. H. EVATH
 FMEA DATE (ORIG) _____ (REV) _____

PART NAME/ PART NUMBER	Design FUNCTION	POTENTIAL FAILURE MODE	POTENTIAL EFFECT(S) OF FAILURE	POTENTIAL CAUSE(S) OF FAILURE	EXISTING CONDITIONS				RECOMMENDED ACTIONS AND STATUS	RESULTING				RESPONSIBLE ACTIVITY	
					CURRENT CONTROLS	OCCURRENCE SEVERITY	DETECTION SEVERITY	(RPN) RISK PRIORITY NUMBER		ACTIONS TAKEN	OCCURRENCE SEVERITY	DETECTION SEVERITY	(RPN) RISK PRIORITY NUMBER		
Latch Ring 3923410	Retains the Quick-Connect Steering Cable Ass'y at the Quick-Connect Conduit Fitting	Cracking; Shearing	Cable separates from helm	Material out of specification	Test to simulate cracking					Determine vendor capability Run tests					
				• Low Density		2	9	2	36						
				• Brittleness		2	9	2	36						
				• Oversized I.D.		1	9	1	9						
		Cracking	Won't Assemble	• Bad Sintering		1	9	1	9						
				Misassembled at Installation		5	5	6	150						
				Excessive force at Installation		1	9	1	9						
		Binding	No Connection	Part mishandled		1	9	1	9	Run Tests					
				Ring too thick		1	5	1	5						
		Wears	Excessive Play	Contamination (Flash, field, grease)		4	5	6	120	Run Tests					
				Ring Assembled Backwards		1	5	1	5	Verify ring assembled backwards can fit in hsgs. Redesign ring to avoid.	Ring assembled backwards leaves 1/8" gap between housings. Control by providing short screws that will prevent ass'y if ring is backward.				
				Corrosion		1	5	1	5	Grease fixture to provide detection					
				Warped		1	5	1	5						
Vibration		3	3	1	9	L-Drive Test									
		Undersized ring		1	3	1	3								
		Oversized groove		1	3	1	3								
		Low hardness		1	3	1	3								

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					CURRENT CONTROLS	OC- CURREN- CE	SE- VERITY	DE- TECTION		RPN RISK PRIORITY NUMBER	ACTION(S) TAKEN	OC- CURREN- CE	SE- VERITY		DE- TECTION
Conduit Fitting, Quick-Connect 3923513 (Cont.)		Partial locking	Cable separation from helm under load	Improper installation	Redundancy Feature	1	9	2	18						
				Incorrect Dayco "hit"		2	9	1	18						
		Wear	Excessive Play	Vibration		3	3	1	9						
				Total # cycles	Cycle Test	3	3	1	9						L-Drive Test
				Excessive load		3	3	1	9						
		Material hardness		1	3	1	3								
Spring	Activates Latch Ring	Won't lock	Will not stay assembled	Weak spring	Pin Provides Redundancy	1	7	1	7						
				Short spring		1	7	2	14						
				Corrosion	"	1	7	2	14						
				Fatigue	"	1	7	1	7						L-Drive Test
				Vibration											
				Burrs		1	7	1	7						
				Will not assemble		1	7	1	7						
		Partial lock	Cable separation from helm under load	Long spring		1	7	1	7						
				Large coil O.D.		1	7	1	7						
				Weak spring		1	9	1	9						
		Short spring		1	9	2	18								

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					CURRENT CONTROLS	OCCURRENCE	SEVERITY	DETECTION		(RPN) RISK PRIORITY NUMBER	ACTION(S) TAKEN	OCCURRENCE	SEVERITY		DETECTION	(RPN) RISK PRIORITY NUMBER		
Helm Wheel Hsg 3862513 Helm Gear Hsg 3862413	Contains Latch Ring, Spring, and Conduit Fitting	Fracture	Cable separation	Defective casting														
				●Porosity														
				●Cold shot														
				●Warpage														
				Handling														
				Wrong Material														
				Die-shifting														
				Wrong Dimensions														
				Wear	Excessive backlash Hard to Disassemble	Vibration												
		Excessive load																
		Total # cycles																
		Sharp edges on conduit fitting																
		Mat'l porosity																
		Contamination																
		Won't lock	Will not assemble Will not stay assembled	Warped castings														
Die-shifting																		
Handling "dings"																		
Partial lock	Cable separation under load	"																
		Flash																
		Wrong dimensions																
				●Drawings														
				●Tolerances														
				●Conformance														

L-Drive Test

Evaluate Bolt
Locations

POTENTIAL FAILURE MODE AND EFFECTS ANALYSIS (PROCESS FMEA)

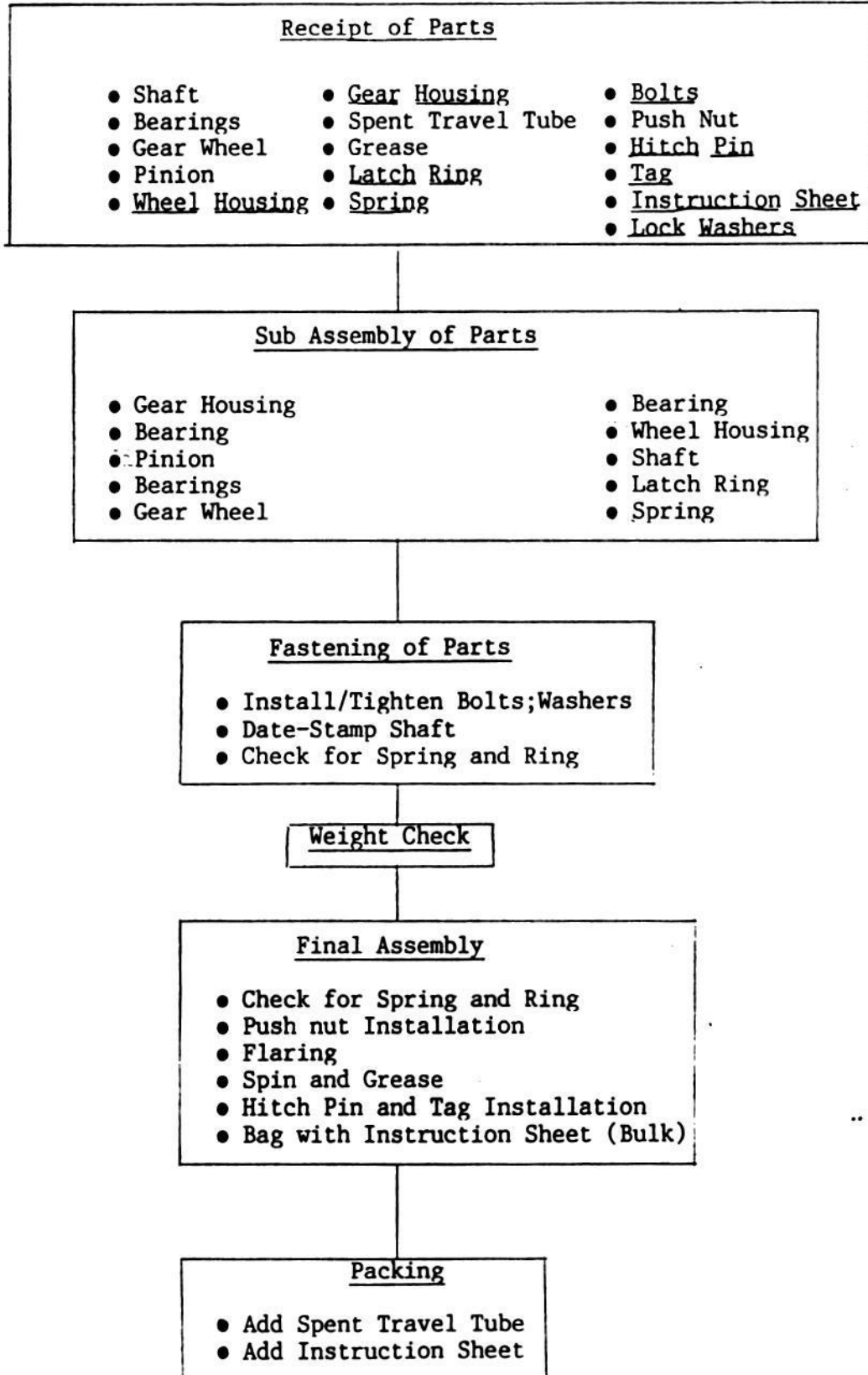
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					CURRENT CONTROLS	OCCURRENCE SEVERITY	DETECTION SEVERITY	RPN RISK PRIORITY NUMBER		ACTION(S) TAKEN	OCCURRENCE SEVERITY	DETECTION SEVERITY	RPN RISK PRIORITY NUMBER	
Hitch Pin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Confirms lock of Cable and Housing ●Disassembly Tool 	Fracture	Pin comes out	Misuse		1	1	1	1					
			Pin stays in	"			1	1	1	1				
		Wear	Pin breaks	Vibration			1	7	1	7				
			●Stays in ●Comes out				1	5	1	5				
		Deformed	Pin won't install	Handling			1	2	1	2				
			Pin comes out	Wrong Part			2	2	1	4				
			Doesn't Confirm lock	Handling			1	2	1	2				
				Wrong Part			1	2	1	2				
		Corrosion	Difficulty of insertion and removal	Short length			1	2	1	2				
				Service life			1	3	1	3				
		Severity of environment			1	3	1	3						
		Plating damage			1	3	1	3						

Helm Assembly Flow Chart



POTENTIAL FAILURE MODE AND EFFECTS ANALYSIS (PROCESS FMEA)

PROCESS HELM ASSY
 PRIMARY PROCESS RESPONSIBILITY _____
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ENGINEER A. BERNARD
 SECTION SUPERVISOR _____
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					CURRENT CONTROLS	OCCURRENCE SEVERITY	DETECTION SEVERITY	RPN RISK PRIORITY NUMBER		ACTION(S) TAKEN	OCCURRENCE SEVERITY	DETECTION SEVERITY	RPN RISK PRIORITY NUMBER		
Sub Assy of Parts	Position Gear Hsg, Place in Components, Finish w/Wheel Hsg and Shaft	Latch Ring Omitted	Cable Won't Lock	Operator Fails to Install		2	7	2	28	Provided 100% Inspection for Ring and Spring in Fixture	<i>may be automated</i>				
				Part Falls Out		1	7	2	14						
		Spring Omitted	"	"		2	7	2	28	"		"			
		"	(Verified by Whether Hitch Pin Can be Installed)	"		2	7	2	28	"		"			
		Spring and Hitch Pin Omitted	Cable Separates From Helm	"		1	9	2	18	"		"			
		Latch Ring Installed Backwards	Cable Won't Assemble	Operator Installs Backwards		4	9	2	72	"		"			
		Two Springs Installed	"	Operator Doesn't Separate		1	6	3	18						
Fastening of Parts	Installation and Tightening of Bolts/Lock washers And Date Stamp Shaft	Spigot Bolts Omitted	2 Bolts Separation Under Extreme Load (>1600 LB)	Operator Fails to Install		1	9	4	36						
				Customer Removes		2	9	8	144						
			1 Bolt Separation Under Extreme Load (>1900 LB)	"		2	9	4	72						
				"		3	9	8	216						
	Lock Washer Omitted	Possible Loosening by Vibration	"		1	7	4	28							
			"		3	7	8	168							

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ENGINEER A. REYNOLDS
 SECTION SUPERVISOR _____
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					CURRENT CONTROLS	OCCURRENCE	SEVERITY	DETECTION		RPN RISK PRIORITY NUMBER	ACTION(S) TAKEN	OCCURRENCE	SEVERITY	
Final Assembly	Installation of Push Nut, Flaring End of Shaft, Spin and Grease, Hitch Pin and Tag Installation, And Bagging the Assembly with Instruction Sheet	Hitch Pin Omitted	Loss of Redundancy	Operator Fails to Install		2	4	4	32					
		Tag Omitted	Loss of Instruct. Tag	•Hitch Pin Omitted		2	6	4	48					
			Cable Won't Install	•Operator Omission		2	3	8	48					
			Helm Damage	Customer Improper Installation		5	5	8	200					
		Hitch Pin Partially Installed	Loss of Redundancy	Assembler Fails to Insert all way		1	2	1	2					
		Hitch Pin Upside Down				1	2	1	2					
		Incorrect Instruction Sheet		•Operator Fails to Install Inst. Sht.		2	3	4	24					
		• w/Tag	None	•Inst. Sht. Not Delivered to Operator		1	3	4	12					
• w/o Tag	Won't Dissassemble			1	4	4	16							



iberlix
marine

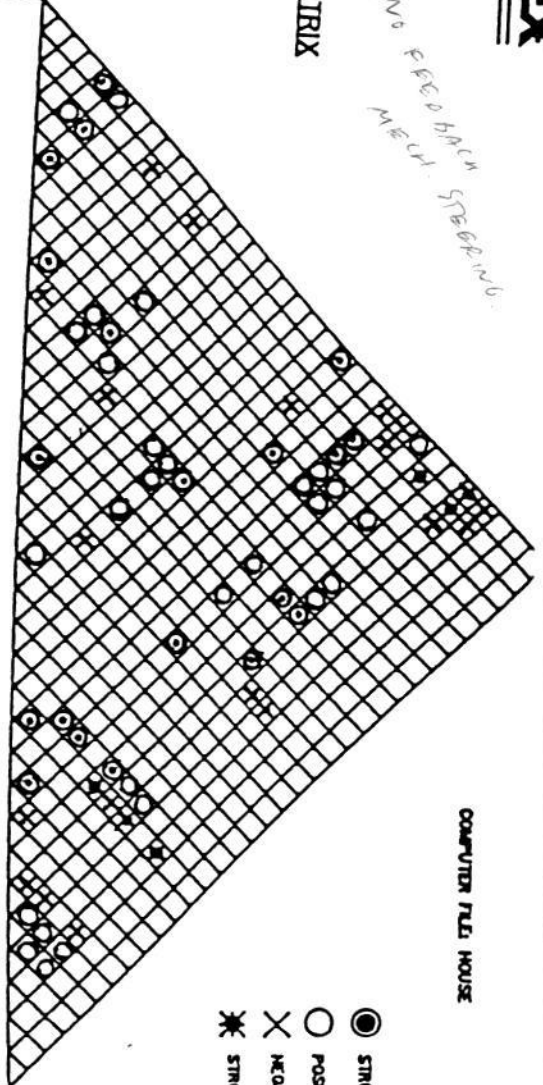
MMR - 1 1990

No. FEED BACK MECH. STEERING

COMPUTER FILE HOUSE

PRODUCT PLANNING MATRIX

- 9 - (●) STRONG POSITIVE RELATIONSHIP
- 3 - (○) POSITIVE RELATIONSHIP
- 1 - (△) SMALL RELATIONSHIP
- (with dot) STRONG NEGATIVE RELATIONSHIP
- × (with dot) NEGATIVE RELATIONSHIP
- * (with dot) STRONG NEGATIVE RELATIONSHIP



PRODUCT DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

MARKET QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

TERTIARY

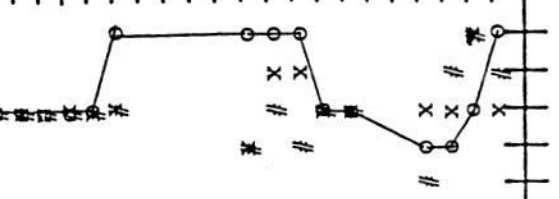
SECONDARY

PRIMARY

PERF. INSTAL.	TERTIARY	SECONDARY	PRIMARY
Easy Steering	5	1	1
No Feedback	5	2	2
Smooth Feel	5	3	3
Minimum Slop	3	9	9
Easy Wheel Align.	1	3	3
Std. Mounting	3	1	1
Dash Size Compatab.	5	9	9
Easy Installation	3	3	3
Light Weight	3	3	3
Fast Installation	3	3	3
Tilt Unit Compatab.	3	9	9
Attractive Bezel	3	9	9
20/90 Units	3	9	9
2 Cable Capabilities	3	9	9
Cable Interchange.	3	9	9
Helm	1	9	9

- 1 Cam Wedge S/A
- 2 Gear Ratio
- 3 Bearings
- 4 Lubrication
- 5 Optimum Fit
- 6 Shaft Support
- 7 Shaft Configuration
- 8 Safe-T Mounting
- 9 Safe-T Envelope Fit
- 10 Cable Connection
- 11 Easy Bolt Alignment
- 12 Size
- 13 Safe-T Bezel
- 14 2 Cable Hsg. Adapt.
- 15 Adapter for SSC 72
- 16 No Field Helm Conv.
- 17 No Adjustments
- 18 Instruction Sheets
- 19 Needs No Special Tools
- 20 Captive Cable Mtg. Nut
- 21 Materials
- 22 Redundant Shaft Ret.
- 23 Non-Catastrophic Fail
- 24 Cycle Life
- 25 System Strength
- 26 Feedback Loads
- 27 Std. Mfg. Process
- 28 Design Simplicity(MFG)
- 29 Ass'y Tooling
- 30 Line Flow Assembly
- 31 Modular Packaging

○ Okoboji
 × TFX Rack
 # TFX Rotary



TELEFLEX/TFX MARINE
 FMEAL - TT Cylinder
 Filename: FMEA\FMEAL_1.wkl

Options Described Below
 Weighted Effect of Options on Customer Wants
 + = Favorable Effect; - = Unfav, thru 5.3 Only

Customer Wants	I	M	O	R	T	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

25-Feb-90

5.1 Performance Related

a.) Cycles	5	0	10	5	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
b.) Output load	5	0	10	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
c.) Environmental Res.	5	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
d.) No "red" fluid	5	0	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
e.) No leaks	5	0	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
f.) Long life	3	0	6	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
g.) Dependable	3	0	6	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
h.) Dependable sender	3	0	6	0	0	-6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0
i.) Simple service	1	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0
j.) Accurate sender	3	0	6	0	0	-6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0

5.2 Design Features

a.) Dual cylinder cap.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b.) Transom adapt.	3	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c.) Connect ftg option	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	0
d.) Interchangeable	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e.) Simple/fast instal.	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5	0	0	0
f.) Sender option	5	0	-10	0	-5	0	0	0	0	0	-10	0	0	0

5.3 Marketing Features

a.) Appearance	3	0	6	0	6	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
b.) Cost competitive	5	0	-10	-5	-5	10	5	10	0	-5	0	0	-5	-5
c.) Min. inventory	1	0	-2	0	0	1	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
d.) Simple assembly	3	0	-6	-3	-6	0	3	-6	-3	0	0	0	-3	0
e.) Incr. sales/profits	5	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	5	5
f.) Incr. mkt share	3	0	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	3	3
g.) Availability	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h.) Longer warranty	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NET Total:	0	69	39	32	54	39	20	19	39					
		98	47	48	66	39	44	24	44					
		29	8	10	12	0	24	5	5					

5.4 Impact (Costs, etc.)

a.) Capital outlay-max \$K	0	140	15	30	70	50	60	2	10					
b.) Payback time	0	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?					
c.) Lead time (months)	0	12	3	4	12	9	9	4	3					
d.) Change in mtl cost \$	0	1	0.3	1	0	-0.5	-0.5	0	1					
e.) Change in ass'y cost	0	+aa	+a	+a	0	0	+a	+a	+a					
f.) Change in labor var.	0	-b	-b	-b	-b	-b	-b	-b	-b					
g.) Change in rework cost	0	-c	-c	-c	-c	-c	-c	-c	-c					
h.) Change in warranty	0	-d	-d	-d	-d	-d	-d	-d	-d					
i.) Change in profits	0	+ee	+ee	+ee	+ee	+e	+e	+e	+e					

Note - \$1.00 change in material unit cost for Option 2 based on \$1.50 more w/o sender (80% of mix) and \$3.50 less with sender (20%) of mix; times 2 cylinders per system. Also, +aa is more of an impact than +a, etc.

- 1 0 Option 1 - Do nothing
- 1 0 Option 2 - New cylinder per SK
- 4 30 Option 3 - Two "O" rings on existing cyl.
- 0 Option 4 - Add outer skirt/boot to exist.
- 2 0 Option 5 - Invert cylinder
- 1 30 Option 6 - Re-design external sender
- 2 0 Option 7 - Use int. sender with exist. cyl
- 2 0 Option 8 - Use compression ftgs on exist.
- 2 30 Option 9 - Change material on existing cyl.